



Criminal Justice Research Report

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Domestic Homicide in New York State 2015

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This report presents a statistical account of domestic homicides reported by police departments and sheriffs' offices in 2015 to the New York State Division of Criminal Justice Services (DCJS).

Definitions: Domestic homicide is defined as a murder or non-negligent manslaughter in which the victim was known to have a domestic relationship with the offender, including an intimate partner or another family member.¹

An "intimate partner" relationship includes spouse, ex-spouse, heterosexual or same-sex partner (including ex-partner) whether or not the victim and offender lived together at the time of the incident or previously.² "Other family" member includes child,³ parent, sibling or other family relationship.

Data: The data analyzed for this report are taken from the Supplementary Homicide Report (SHR) submitted by police agencies to DCJS.

Submitted as part of New York State's Uniform Crime Reporting program (UCR), the SHR collects case-level information on all criminal homicides reported by police, and includes the following information: victim-offender

relationship; demographics of victim and offender, such as gender, race/ethnicity and age; the circumstances of the homicide; and the type of weapon used in the crime.⁴

Overview: Domestic homicides are compared in this report with all other homicides statewide and by the state's two regions: the five counties of New York City and the Rest of the State, defined as the 57 counties located Upstate and on Long Island.

Statistics detail the demographic characteristics of all homicide and domestic homicide victims, the circumstances surrounding the homicide and the types of weapons used.

Specific details also are provided about intimate partner homicide, which is the most frequent type of domestic homicide.

The report also presents information about homicides involving minor child victims and "other family" member victims.

Domestic homicide statistics for the five-year period from 2011 to 2015 also are detailed. County-specific statistics also are included.

Major Findings

- The 114 domestic homicides reported are the fewest statewide since 2007. DCJS analyzed data from that year in its first Domestic Homicide Report, published in 2008. The agency has published this report annually since that time.
- Intimate partner homicides also reached their lowest point since 2007, with 64 reported.
- Domestic homicides were 18.6 percent (114) of all homicides (612).
- Nearly half of all female homicide victims age 16 or older were killed by their intimate partners, as compared to slightly more than 3 percent of all male homicide victims.
- A knife, cutting instrument or blunt object was used most frequently in intimate partner homicides: 30 (46.9%) of 64 victims. The second most common weapon was a firearm: 23 (35.9%) of 64 victims were shot to death.
- The number of child victims remained unchanged, with 24 reported in 2015 and 2014.

¹ Homicide is defined as "the willful killing of one human being by another." *Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook*. Murder and non-negligent manslaughter refer to crimes in New York State Penal Laws Section 125.15 through Section 125.27 and include: murder in the first and second degree, aggravated murder, aggravated manslaughter in the first and second degree, and manslaughter in the first and second degree.

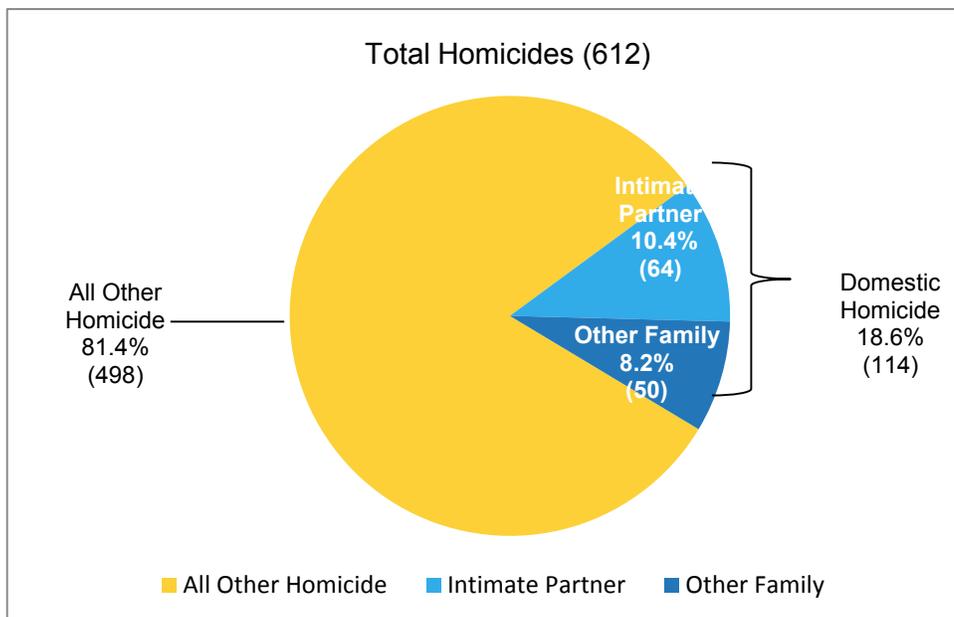
² New York Criminal Procedure Law section 530.11(1)(a-e).

³ "Child" is defined as under 18 years old and includes a biological or adopted child, as well as a child who is killed by the intimate partner of his or her parent.

⁴ New York City homicide data are extracted from the New York City Police Department Shootings and Homicides database, which differs from the SHR but not in ways that substantially affect this analysis.

Chart 1 presents a statewide breakdown of domestic homicides compared to all other homicides in 2015.⁵

Chart 1. Domestic Homicides and Other Homicides by Type of Relationship in New York State⁶



- There were a total of 612 homicide victims in 2015, with 114 (18.6%) of them having a domestic relationship with their offenders.
- In 64 of the 114 domestic homicides, the victim and offender were intimate partners. Intimate partner victims represented more than half of all domestic homicide victims and 10.4 percent of all homicide victims.
- The remaining 50 domestic homicide victims were killed by “other family” members. The victims were most commonly the child, parent, grandparent or sibling of the offender.

Six domestic homicide incidents reported in 2015 involved multiple victims. These six incidents involved a total of 14 victims, including three children. Additional details:

Three were murder-suicides:

- A male offender killed his girlfriend, their daughter (age 7) and his girlfriend’s mother.
- A male offender killed his ex-girlfriend and her daughter (age 17).
- A male offender killed his two daughters ages 13 and 18.

The remaining three incidents involved:

- A male offender who killed three family members.
- A male offender who killed his wife and step-son (age 34).
- A female teen-age offender (age 15) who killed her parents.

⁵ The “all other” type of homicide relationship includes categories in which the victim’s relationship to the offender was known (e.g., friend, acquaintance, stranger, or otherwise known) or where the victim-offender relationship was unknown.

⁶ As reported to DCJS through June 20, 2016.

Table 1 compares domestic and other homicides in New York City and the Rest of the State. Of the 612 homicides reported statewide in 2015, 352 (57.5%) occurred in New York City and 260 (42.5%) occurred in the Rest of the State.

See Appendix A for county and regional statistics.

Table 1. Domestic Homicides and Other Homicides by Type of Relationship and Region 2015⁷

Type of Relationship	Homicide Victims by Region			
	New York City		Rest of the State	
	Number	Percent of Total Homicides	Number	Percent of Total Homicides
Domestic Homicide	46	13.1%	68	26.2%
Intimate Partner	26	7.4%	38	14.6%
Other Family	20	5.7%	30	11.5%
All Other Homicide	306	86.9%	192	73.8%
Known	93	26.4%	73	28.1%
Unknown	213	60.5%	119	45.8%
Total Homicides	352	100.0%	260	100.0%

- There were more homicide victims in New York City than the Rest of the State, but domestic homicides were more common outside of the five boroughs.
- New York City reported 46 domestic homicide victims, accounting for 13.1 percent of all homicide victims in the five boroughs. In the Rest of the State, 68 (26.2%) of all reported homicide victims were killed in domestic incidents.

Table 2 compares the gender of homicide victims 16 and older, both statewide and by region. In 2015, 578 (94.4%) of the 612 homicide victims were 16 or older.

Table 2. Victims of Homicide (Age 16 and Older) by Gender and Region 2015

Gender	Age 16 & Older		
	Intimate Partner Victims	All Homicide Victims	Percent Intimate Partner
Statewide	64	578	11.1%
Female	49	99	49.5%
Male	15	479	3.1%
New York City	26	337	7.7%
Female	20	45	44.4%
Male	6	292	2.1%
Rest of the State	38	241	15.8%
Female	29	54	53.7%
Male	9	187	4.8%

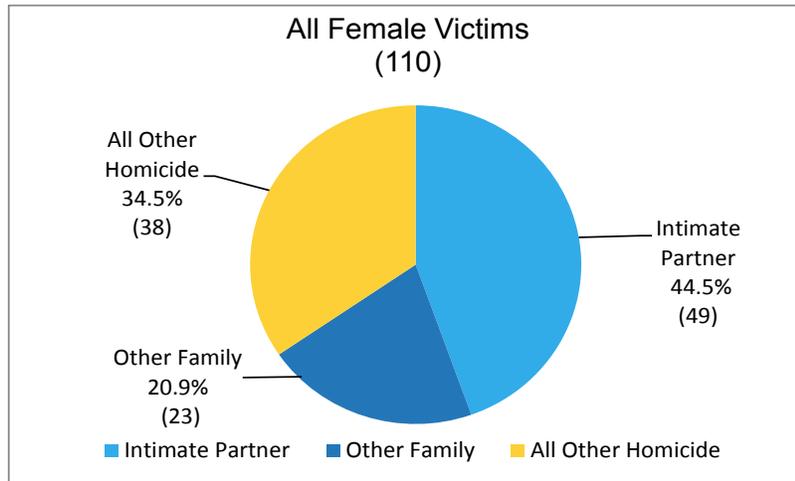
- Statewide, there were 99 female homicide victims age 16 or older in 2015, with 49 (49.5%) killed by their intimate partner.
- In the Rest of the State, 53.7 percent of female homicide victims were killed by their intimate partner as compared to 44.4 percent in New York City.

⁷ For this report, intimate partners include spouse, ex-spouse, heterosexual partner or ex-partner, and same-sex partner or ex-partner, whether or not the victim and offender were living together at the time of the homicide or had previously lived together. NYPD homicide statistics include victims of domestic homicide incidents who are not intimate partners or members of the same family. These victims are excluded in this report.

Domestic Homicides vs. All Homicides by Victim's Gender

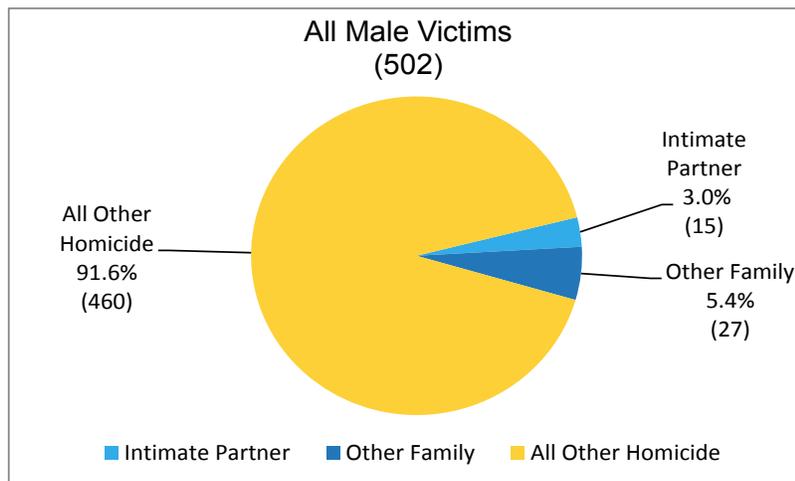
Charts 2 and 3 detail female and male homicide victims of any age separately by type of relationship to the offender, as compared to all homicide victims in the state.

Chart 2. Domestic Homicides and Other Homicides of All Female Victims by Type of Relationship in New York State 2015



- Statewide, nearly two-thirds of the 110 female homicide victims were killed by an intimate partner or other family member.
- Among the 38 females killed in a non-domestic homicide, 12 were killed by a friend or acquaintance and 11 by a stranger. The victim-offender relationship was listed as unknown or not reported for 15 female victims.

Chart 3. Domestic Homicides and Other Homicides of All Male Victims by Type of Relationship in New York State 2015



- Of the 502 male victims, 3 percent (15) were killed by an intimate partner and 5.4 percent (27) by another family member.
- Statewide, 91.6 percent (460) of the 502 male victims were killed in a non-domestic incident.
- Among the 460 males killed in a non-domestic homicide, one was killed by a neighbor, 37 by an acquaintance or otherwise known, 51 by a stranger, 54 by a friend and 112 by an unknown perpetrator. For 205 victims, information about the offender was not available.

Demographics of Domestic Homicide Victims

Table 3 presents the gender and race/ethnicity of domestic and other homicide victims statewide, in New York City and the Rest of the State.

Table 3. Domestic Homicides and Other Homicides by Victim Demographics and Region 2015

Statewide								
Victim Demographics	Intimate Partner		Other Family		Total Domestic		All Others	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Gender								
Female	49	76.6%	23	46.0%	72	63.2%	38	7.6%
Male	15	23.4%	27	54.0%	42	36.8%	460	92.4%
Race/Ethnicity								
White	26	40.6%	20	40.0%	46	40.4%	52	10.4%
Black	22	34.4%	19	38.0%	41	36.0%	326	65.5%
Hispanic	12	18.8%	7	14.0%	19	16.7%	108	21.7%
Other	4	6.3%	3	6.0%	7	6.1%	7	1.4%
Unknown	0	0.0%	1	2.0%	1	0.9%	5	1.0%
Total Victims	64		50		114		498	
New York City								
Gender								
Female	20	76.9%	7	35.0%	27	58.7%	21	6.9%
Male	6	23.1%	13	65.0%	19	41.3%	285	93.1%
Race/Ethnicity								
White	1	3.8%	3	15.0%	4	8.7%	18	5.9%
Black	13	50.0%	10	50.0%	23	50.0%	200	65.4%
Hispanic	9	34.6%	6	30.0%	15	32.6%	79	25.8%
Other	3	11.5%	1	5.0%	4	8.7%	6	2.0%
Unknown	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	3	1.0%
Total Victims	26		20		46		306	
Rest of the State								
Gender								
Female	29	76.3%	16	53.3%	45	66.2%	17	8.9%
Male	9	23.7%	14	46.7%	23	33.8%	175	91.1%
Race/Ethnicity								
White	25	65.8%	17	56.7%	42	61.8%	34	17.7%
Black	9	23.7%	9	30.0%	18	26.5%	126	65.6%
Hispanic	3	7.9%	1	3.3%	4	5.9%	29	15.1%
Other	1	2.6%	2	6.7%	3	4.4%	1	0.5%
Unknown	0	0.0%	1	3.3%	1	1.5%	2	1.0%
Total Victims	38		30		68		192	

Gender

- Nearly 93 percent of all victims in non-domestic homicides were male (460 of 498) statewide. The percentage of male victims in New York City (93.1%) and the Rest of the State (91.1%) were comparable to the statewide percentage.
- Females were most frequently the victims of intimate partner homicides: 76.6 percent (49 of 64). Meanwhile, females were only 7.6 percent (38 of 498) of victims of all other homicides.
- More males than females were victims in the 50 “other family” homicides: 27 males vs. 23 females.

Race and Ethnicity

- More than three-quarters of the victims in non-domestic homicides were black (65.5%) or Hispanic (21.7%).
- Statewide, 40.4 percent (46) of domestic homicide victims were white, 36 percent (41) were black and 16.7 percent (19) were Hispanic.
- New York City reported more black (23) and Hispanic victims (15) of domestic homicide than white victims (4).
- In the Rest of the State, whites (42) were most commonly the victims of domestic homicide as compared to 18 blacks and four Hispanics.
- Among the 64 intimate partner homicide victims statewide, 40.6 percent (26) were white: one in New York City (3.8%) and 25 (65.8%) in the Rest of the State.
- Blacks were victims in 22 intimate partner homicides statewide (34.4%): 13 reported in New York City (50.0%) and nine 23.7%) in the Rest of the State.
- Hispanics were victims in 12 intimate partner homicides statewide (18.8%): nine in New York City (34.6%) and three (7.9%) in the Rest of the State.

Table 4 presents domestic homicide victims according to the type of relationship and age group statewide, in New York City and the Rest of the State.

Table 4. Domestic Homicides by Victim Age Group 2015

Statewide						
Age Group	Intimate Partner		Other Family		Total Domestic	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Infant <1	—	—	14	28.0%	14	12.3%
1 - 4	—	—	6	12.0%	6	5.3%
5 - 15	—	—	2	4.0%	2	1.8%
16 - 19	2	3.1%	4	8.0%	6	5.3%
20 - 29	15	23.4%	4	8.0%	19	16.7%
30 - 39	11	17.2%	3	6.0%	14	12.3%
40 - 49	14	21.9%	4	8.0%	18	15.8%
50 - 59	14	21.9%	3	6.0%	17	14.9%
60 & Older	8	12.5%	10	20.0%	18	15.8%
Total	64	100.0%	50	100.0%	114	100.0%
New York City						
Infant <1	—	—	7	35.0%	7	15.2%
1 - 4	—	—	2	10.0%	2	4.3%
5 - 15	—	—	1	5.0%	1	2.2%
16 - 19	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
20 - 29	8	30.8%	1	5.0%	9	19.6%
30 - 39	6	23.1%	2	10.0%	8	17.4%
40 - 49	6	23.1%	2	10.0%	8	17.4%
50 - 59	5	19.2%	2	10.0%	7	15.2%
60 & Older	1	3.8%	3	15.0%	4	8.7%
Total	26	100.0%	20	100.0%	46	100.0%
Rest of the State						
Infant <1	—	—	7	23.3%	7	10.3%
1 - 4	—	—	4	13.3%	4	5.9%
5 - 15	—	—	1	3.3%	1	1.5%
16 - 19	2	5.3%	4	13.3%	6	8.8%
20 - 29	7	18.4%	3	10.0%	10	14.7%
30 - 39	5	13.2%	1	3.3%	6	8.8%
40 - 49	8	21.1%	2	6.7%	10	14.7%
50 - 59	9	23.7%	1	3.3%	10	14.7%
60 & Older	7	18.4%	7	23.3%	14	20.6%
Total	38	100.0%	30	100.0%	68	100.0%

- Statewide, the majority of intimate partner homicide victims (39) were between the ages of 30 and 59.
- Of the 18 domestic homicide victims who were 60 or older, eight were intimate partners of the offenders.
- Forty-four percent of “other family” victims were children 15 or younger and 26 percent were 50 years old and older. Among victims who were 50 and older, nine of 13 were parents (including one step-parent) of the offender. Table 5 on Page 8 provides additional details on child victims (under 18) of domestic homicide.

Child Victims of Domestic Homicide

Table 5 presents demographic information on child victims of domestic homicide. Child is someone under 18 years old and includes a biological or adopted child, as well as a child who is killed by the intimate partner of his or her parent.

Table 5. Child Domestic Homicide Victims by Demographic Characteristics 2015

Victim Demographics	Statewide	New York City	Rest of the State
Age Group			
Infant (< 1 yr.)	14	7	7
1 - 4	6	2	4
5 - 9	1	1	0
10 - 17	3	0	3
Gender			
Female	11	3	8
Male	13	7	6
Race/Ethnicity			
White	8	0	8
Black	11	7	4
Hispanic	2	2	0
Other	2	1	1
Unknown	1	0	1
Offender's Relationship to Victim			
Parent	16	7	9
Parent's Intimate Partner	4	0	4
Sibling	1	1	0
Other Family	3	2	1
Total	24	10	14

- Statewide, there were 24 child victims of domestic homicide: 10 in New York City and 14 in the Rest of the State.
- Of those 24, 20 (83.3%) were younger than 5 years old and 14 of the 20 were infants who were less than a year old.
- Sixteen child victims were killed by a parent, four by their parent's intimate partner, three by another family member and one by a sibling.

Adult Family Member Victims of Domestic Homicide

- Statewide, there were 26 adult (defined as individuals 18 years old or older) domestic homicide victims:
- Twenty-five victims had the following relationships to their offender: 11 parents; two siblings; one in-law; one adult child (age 18); one adult child (age 21) of an intimate partner, one step-child (age 34), one step-parent, and seven other family members.
- The remaining victim was an adult (19 years old) killed by his parents and sibling (*data not shown in table*).

Circumstances of Domestic Homicide

Table 6 presents the circumstances surrounding domestic homicides as reported to DCJS by police. Circumstances are defined as: argument, murder-suicide, other felony involved⁸, physical abuse/neglect, other and unknown.

Table 6. Domestic Homicides by Circumstance Reported 2015

Statewide						
Circumstance	Intimate Partner		Other Family		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Argument	39	60.9%	19	38.0%	58	50.9%
Murder - Suicide	13	20.3%	4	8.0%	17	14.9%
Other Felony Involved	5	7.8%	2	4.0%	7	6.1%
Abuse and/or Neglect	0	0.0%	13	26.0%	13	11.4%
Other	5	7.8%	10	20.0%	15	13.2%
Unknown	2	3.1%	2	4.0%	4	3.5%
Total	64	100.0%	50	100.0%	114	100.0%
New York City						
Argument	19	73.1%	7	35.0%	26	56.5%
Murder - Suicide	6	23.1%	3	15.0%	9	19.6%
Other Felony Involved	1	3.8%	0	0.0%	1	2.2%
Abuse and/or Neglect	0	0.0%	9	45.0%	9	19.6%
Other	0	0.0%	1	5.0%	1	2.2%
Unknown	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Total	26	100.0%	20	100.0%	46	100.0%
Rest of the State						
Argument	20	52.6%	12	40.0%	32	47.1%
Murder - Suicide	7	18.4%	1	3.3%	8	11.8%
Other Felony Involved	4	10.5%	2	6.7%	6	8.8%
Abuse and/or Neglect	0	0.0%	4	13.3%	4	5.9%
Other	5	13.2%	9	30.0%	14	20.6%
Unknown	2	5.3%	2	6.7%	4	5.9%
Total	38	100.0%	30	100.0%	68	100.0%

- An argument was reported as the leading circumstance in 50.9 percent (58 of 114) of domestic homicides and 60.9 percent (39 of 64) of intimate partner homicides. In 3.5 percent (4 of 114) of domestic homicides, the circumstance surrounding the death was unknown.
- In 17 (14.9%) domestic homicides, the offender also committed suicide. Thirteen of those murder-suicides involved intimate partners and four involved “other family” members.
- In all but one (12 of 13) murder-suicides involving intimate partners, women were the victims and men the offenders. *(Data not shown in table)*

⁸ Other Felony Involved refers to a homicide that occurred as a result of the commission of another felony, such as arson, robbery or burglary.

Weapons Used in Domestic Homicide

Table 7 provides statewide and regional breakdowns on the type of weapon used in domestic homicides by the relationship of the victim to the offender. Weapon types include firearms; knives, cutting instruments, or blunt objects; personal weapons (hands, feet and teeth); and miscellaneous weapons (motor vehicle, fire and poison).

Table 7. Domestic Homicide by Type of Weapon Used 2015

Statewide						
Weapons Used	Intimate Partner		Other Family		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Firearm	23	35.9%	9	18.0%	32	28.1%
Knives/Cutting/Blunt Instruments	30	46.9%	19	38.0%	49	43.0%
Personal Weapons (hands, feet, teeth)	4	6.3%	11	22.0%	15	13.2%
Miscellaneous Weapons	6	9.4%	11	22.0%	17	14.9%
Not Reported/Unknown	1	1.6%	0	0.0%	1	0.9%
Total	64	100.0%	50	100.0%	114	100.0%
New York City						
Firearm	12	46.2%	5	25.0%	17	37.0%
Knives/Cutting/Blunt Instruments	12	46.2%	7	35.0%	19	41.3%
Personal Weapons (hands, feet, teeth)	0	0.0%	2	10.0%	2	4.3%
Miscellaneous Weapons	2	7.7%	6	30.0%	8	17.4%
Not Reported/Unknown	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Total	26	100.0%	20	100.0%	46	100.0%
Rest of the State						
Firearm	11	28.9%	4	13.3%	15	22.1%
Knives/Cutting/Blunt Instruments	18	47.4%	12	40.0%	30	44.1%
Personal Weapons (hands, feet, teeth)	4	10.5%	9	30.0%	13	19.1%
Miscellaneous Weapons	4	10.5%	5	16.7%	9	13.2%
Not Reported/Unknown	1	2.6%	0	0.0%	1	1.5%
Total	38	100.0%	30	100.0%	68	100.0%

- Knives, cutting instruments or blunt objects were the most common weapon used in domestic homicides statewide (49 of 114).
- Firearms were used in 28.1 percent (32) of domestic homicides statewide: 37 percent (17) in New York City and 22.1 percent (15) in the Rest of the State.
- The type of weapon used was unknown or not reported in less than one percent of domestic homicides statewide.
- Statewide, a knife, cutting instrument or blunt object was the primary weapon used against 46.9 percent (30) of victims in intimate partner homicides.
- In New York City, 12 (46.2%) intimate partner homicides involved a firearm and the same number involved knives, cutting instruments or blunt objects. In the Rest of the State, knives were more common than firearms in intimate partner homicides: 47.4 percent vs. 28.9 percent. This is a change from prior years, when firearms were more likely to be used in the Rest of the State.
- Among the 50 “other family” domestic homicides, 19 (38%) involved knives, cutting instruments or blunt objects, 11 (22%) involved personal weapons (hands, feet, teeth) and 11 (22%) involved miscellaneous weapons.

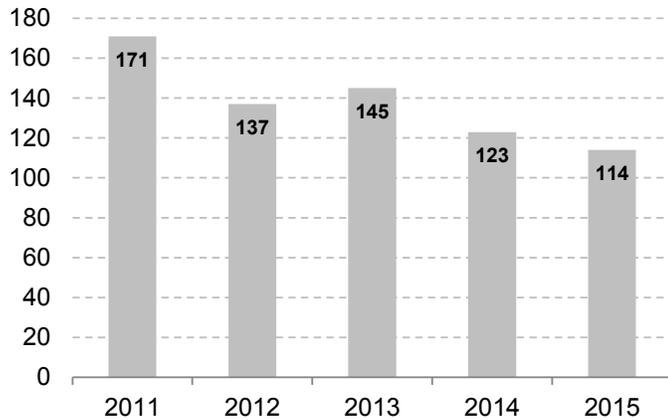
Trends in Domestic Homicide 2011 - 2015

DCJS first published a Domestic Homicide Report in 2008, analyzing data from 2007. That report and others published in subsequent years are available on the DCJS website: www.criminaljustice.ny.gov

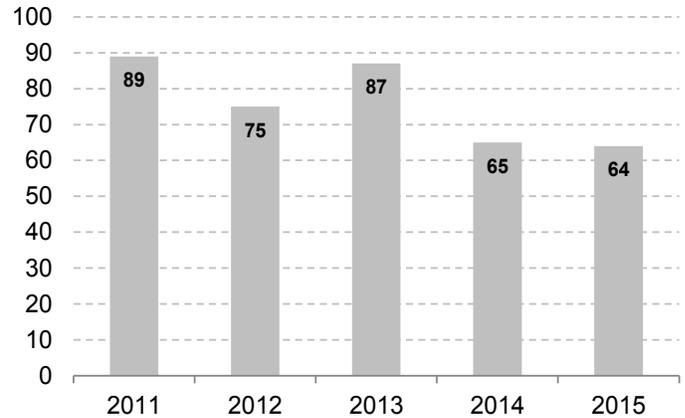
This section compares domestic homicides annually for the five-year period from 2011 through 2015.

Figures 1 through 4 show trends in all domestic homicides and by type of relationship.

**Figure 1. Total Domestic Homicides:
Statewide, 2011-2015**



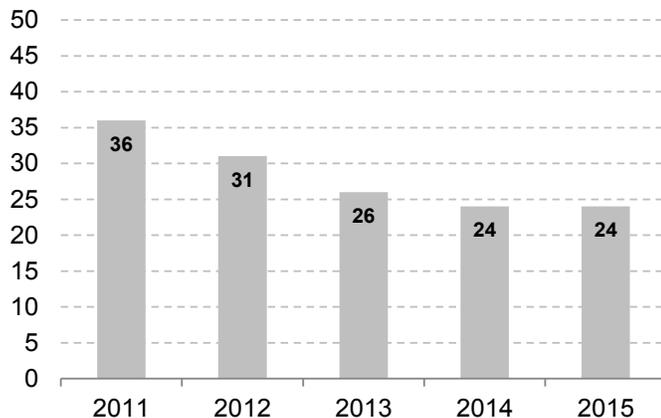
**Figure 2. Intimate Partner Homicides:
Statewide, 2011-2015**



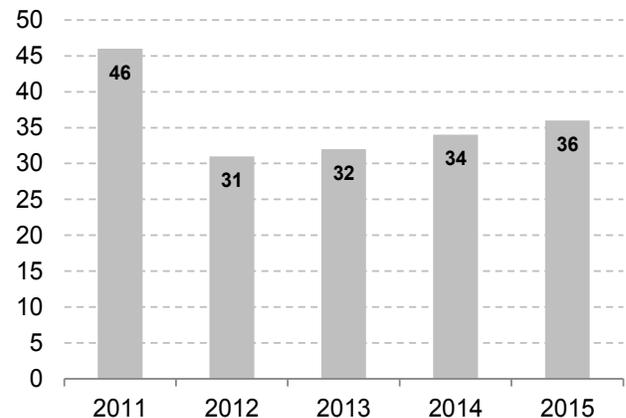
- The 114 domestic homicides in 2015 were the fewest reported in the nine years these data have been analyzed.

- The 64 intimate partner homicides in 2015 also were the fewest reported in the past nine years.

**Figure 3. Minor Child Homicides:
Statewide, 2011-2015**



**Figure 4. Other Family Homicides:
Statewide, 2011-2015**



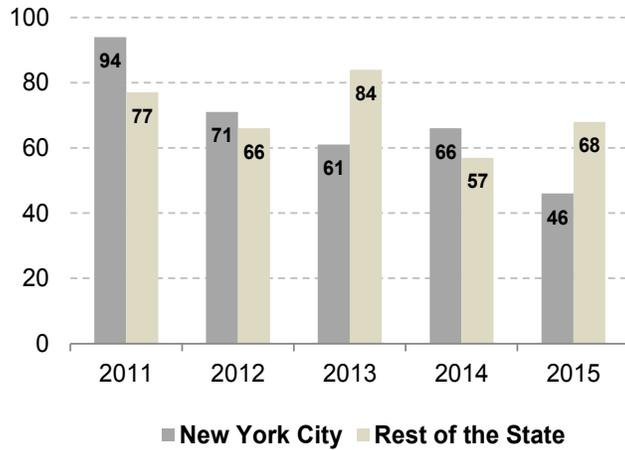
- The number of child homicide victims has decreased annually since 2011 and remained unchanged compared to 2014.

- There were 36 “other family” victims in 2015; that number reached a five-year low in 2012, increasing annually since that year.

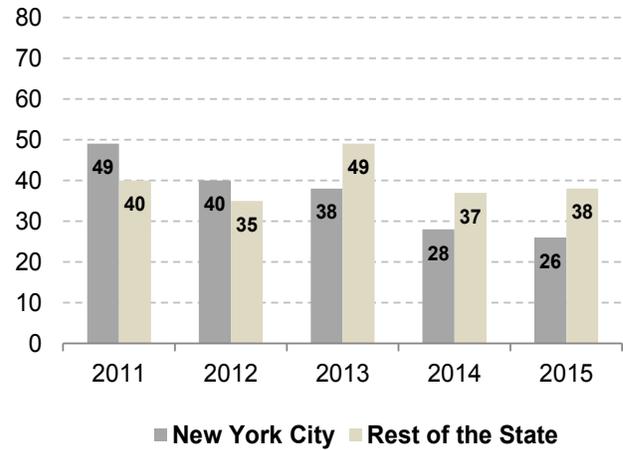
Trends in Domestic Homicide 2011 - 2015

Figures 5 through 8 show domestic homicides reported from 2011 through 2015, comparing New York City to the Rest of the State by type of relationship.

**Figure 5. Total Domestic Homicides:
NYC vs. Rest of the State**

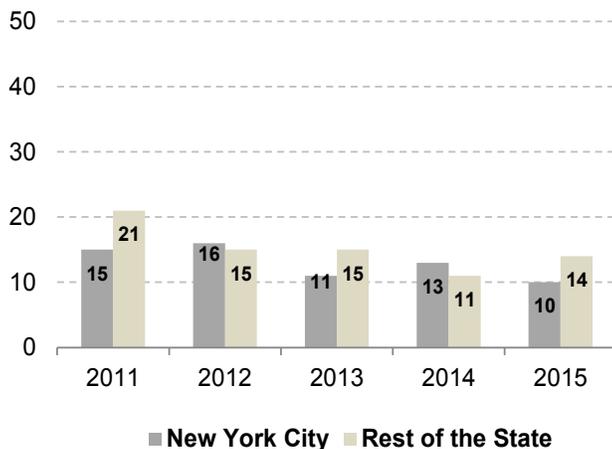


**Figure 6. Intimate Partner Homicides:
NYC vs. Rest of the State**

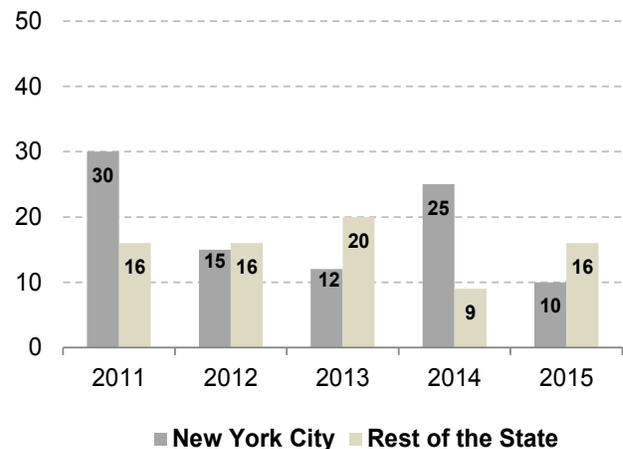


- In New York City, domestic homicide reached its highest point in 2011, with 94 reported that year. In the Rest of the State, domestic homicide reached its highest point in 2013, with 84 reported. Compared to 2014, domestic homicides in 2015 decreased by 30 percent in New York City but increased by 19 percent in the Rest of the State.
- Intimate partner homicides in New York City reached a five-year low of 26 in 2015.

**Figure 7. Minor Child Homicides:
NYC vs. Rest of the State**



**Figure 8. Other Family Homicides:
NYC vs. Rest of the State**



- The number of child victims of domestic homicide has fluctuated during the five-year period from 2011 through 2015. The number of victims ranged from 10 to 16 in New York City and 11 to 21 in the Rest of the State.
- The number of “other family” homicide victims in New York City and the Rest of the State has fluctuated over the past five years, with a high of 30 in New York City in 2011 and a high of 20 in the Rest of the State in 2013. Each region also experienced its fewest victims in different years: 10 in New York City in 2015 and nine in the Rest of the State the year before.

Comparison of Gender of Intimate Partner Homicide Victims

Table 9 shows gender trends in intimate partner homicide victims and all homicide victims who were 16 or older during the five-year period from 2011 through 2015.

Table 9. Trends in Intimate Partner (IP) Homicide by Gender and by Region 2011-2015

Statewide					
Persons Ages 16 & Older	Intimate Partner Homicides				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
IP Female	67	61	67	50	49
Total Female	152	104	130	108	99
<i>(% IP Female)</i>	<i>(44.1%)</i>	<i>(58.7%)</i>	<i>(51.5%)</i>	<i>(46.3%)</i>	<i>(49.5%)</i>
IP Male	22	14	19	15	15
Total Male	558	532	469	467	479
<i>(% IP Male)</i>	<i>(3.9%)</i>	<i>(2.6%)</i>	<i>(4.1%)</i>	<i>(3.2%)</i>	<i>(3.1%)</i>
New York City					
IP Female	35	33	27	19	20
Total Female	93	58	51	44	45
<i>(% IP Female)</i>	<i>(37.6%)</i>	<i>(56.9%)</i>	<i>(52.9%)</i>	<i>(43.2%)</i>	<i>(44.4%)</i>
IP Male	14	7	10	9	6
Total Male	393	334	268	271	292
<i>(% IP Male)</i>	<i>(3.6%)</i>	<i>(2.1%)</i>	<i>(3.7%)</i>	<i>(3.3%)</i>	<i>(2.1%)</i>
Rest of the State					
IP Female	32	28	40	31	29
Total Female	59	46	79	64	54
<i>(% IP Female)</i>	<i>(54.2%)</i>	<i>(60.9%)</i>	<i>(50.6%)</i>	<i>(48.4%)</i>	<i>(53.7%)</i>
IP Male	8	7	9	6	9
Total Male	165	198	201	196	187
<i>(% IP Male)</i>	<i>(4.8%)</i>	<i>(3.5%)</i>	<i>(4.5%)</i>	<i>(3.1%)</i>	<i>(4.8%)</i>

- In 2015, 49.5 percent of all female homicide victims who were 16 or older were killed by their intimate partners.
- Slightly more than 3 percent of male homicide victims were killed by their intimate partners in 2015.

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Appendix A. Domestic and Total Homicides by Region and County 2015

County	Domestic Homicides			All Homicides
	Intimate Partner	Other Family	Total	Total
New York City	26	20	46	352
Bronx	10	6	16	91
Kings	3	5	8	146
New York	3	4	7	41
Queens	9	5	14	60
Richmond	1	0	1	14
Rest of the State	38	30	68	260
Albany	0	0	0	6
Broome	0	2	2	7
Cattaraugus	0	1	1	1
Chautauqua	1	2	3	3
Chemung	0	1	1	2
Columbia	1	1	2	3
Cortland	1	0	1	2
Dutchess	0	1	1	4
Erie	5	3	8	46
Genesee	0	1	1	2
Herkimer	1	0	1	1
Jefferson	1	0	1	3
Madison	0	0	0	1
Monroe	3	1	4	38
Nassau	3	4	7	21
Niagara	2	0	2	4
Oneida	1	4	5	7
Onondaga	1	2	3	24
Ontario	1	0	1	1
Orange	2	0	2	6
Oswego	0	1	1	2
Otsego	1	0	1	2
Rensselaer	1	0	1	10
Rockland	2	1	3	4
St. Lawrence	1	0	1	2
Schenectady	0	0	0	6
Schoharie	0	0	0	1
Steuben	1	0	1	1
Suffolk	4	2	6	24
Sullivan	0	0	0	1
Tioga	0	0	0	1
Warren	1	0	1	1
Washington	0	1	1	1
Wayne	1	0	1	2
Westchester	1	2	3	17
Wyoming	2	0	2	3
Grand Total	64	50	114	612

The following counties with no homicides of any type reported in 2015 are excluded from the table: Allegany, Cayuga, Chenango, Clinton, Delaware, Essex, Franklin, Fulton, Greene, Hamilton, Lewis, Livingston, Montgomery, Orleans, Putnam, Saratoga, Schuyler, Seneca, Tompkins, Ulster and Yates. Six other counties with no domestic homicide but at least one other homicide in 2015 — Albany, Madison, Schenectady, Schoharie, Sullivan, and Tioga — are included.

Appendix B. Domestic Homicide Victims by Region and County 2011 - 2015

County	All Domestic					Intimate Partner					Other Family				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
New York City	94	71	61	66	46	49	40	38	28	26	45	31	23	38	20
Bronx	27	23	15	15	16	14	12	7	9	10	13	11	8	6	6
Kings	31	22	25	18	8	16	11	16	6	3	15	11	9	12	5
New York	14	8	6	4	7	10	4	3	1	3	4	4	3	3	4
Queens	19	15	13	27	14	8	11	10	11	9	11	4	3	16	5
Richmond	3	3	2	2	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	1	0	1	0
Rest of the State	77	66	84	57	68	40	35	49	37	38	37	32	35	20	30
Albany	2	1	2	3	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	2	0
Alleghany	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Broome	0	3	1	1	2	0	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	2
Cattaraugus	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Cayuga	3	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
Chautauqua	0	0	2	1	3	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	2
Chemung	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Chenango	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Clinton	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Columbia	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Cortland	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Delaware	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dutchess	2	0	6	0	1	2	0	4	0	0	0	0	2	0	1
Erie	2	7	7	7	8	2	3	3	5	5	0	4	4	2	3
Essex	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Franklin	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
Fulton	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Genesee	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Greene	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Herkimer	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Jefferson	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
Lewis	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Livingston	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Madison	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Monroe	13	9	6	1	4	6	4	4	1	3	7	5	2	0	1
Nassau	8	4	4	3	7	5	4	4	1	3	3	0	0	2	4
Niagara	0	1	2	1	2	0	1	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
Oneida	1	1	6	3	5	0	1	4	3	1	1	0	2	0	4
Onondaga	5	1	3	2	3	2	0	2	1	1	3	1	1	1	2
Ontario	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Orange	5	3	4	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	1	1	0	0
Orleans	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Oswego	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Otsego	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
Rensselaer	1	3	2	4	1	1	1	0	2	1	0	2	2	2	0
Rockland	2	1	2	1	3	1	0	1	1	2	1	1	1	0	1
St. Lawrence	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0
Saratoga	2	2	1	1	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
Schenectady	1	2	3	1	0	0	2	1	1	0	1	0	2	0	0
Seneca	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Steuben	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Suffolk	6	6	7	7	6	4	4	3	2	4	2	2	4	5	2
Sullivan	1	0	1	2	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
Tioga	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tompkins	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Ulster	0	1	2	3	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	3	0
Warren	3	3	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	2	3	0	0	0
Washington	2	2	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	1
Wayne	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	0
Westchester	8	4	3	2	3	3	2	2	1	1	5	2	1	1	2
Wyoming	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Grand Total	171	137	145	123	114	89	75	87	65	64	82	63	58	58	50

The following six counties with no domestic homicides reported for the five-year period from 2011 through 2015 are excluded from the table: Hamilton, Montgomery, Putnam, Schoharie, Schuyler and Yates.