



Criminal Justice Research Report

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September 2021

Hate Crime in New York State 2020 Annual Report

Hate crime incidents reported to police departments and sheriffs' offices in New York State decreased 21.7 percent in 2020. While the 488 incidents were the fewest reported statewide since 2010, anti-Black and anti-Asian hate crimes increased. Agencies reported 128 anti-Black crimes, which were the most reported in the past five years, and 31 anti-Asian crimes, the highest number reported during the past 10 years.

There was a significant difference in hate crimes reported by region. In New York City, reports of these crimes declined 35.2 percent, with 272 reported. In the counties outside of the five boroughs, there was a 16.1 percent increase, with 202 incidents reported. The MTA and New York State Park Police, each of which have jurisdiction in multiple counties, reported a total of 14 incidents, the fewest since 2016.

The total number of hate crime incidents reported to police statewide in 2020 was a fraction of all reported crime, which remained near historically low levels. There were 341,908 index crimes reported, a 1.5 percent increase when compared to 2019, when reported crimes reached an all-time low. Hate crimes, however, target individuals, groups of individuals or property based on a perception or belief about race, ethnicity, sex, sexual orientation, religion or other characteristic as defined by state law. This can result in these crimes adversely affecting entire communities, not just their intended target.

DCJS is required by law to annually publish a report analyzing hate crime incidents and arrests reported to the agency by police departments and sheriffs' offices. Hate crime data included in this report were reported by those agencies to DCJS as of June 21, 2021.

Hate crime incidents and arrests are reported to DCJS by police departments and sheriffs' offices and dispositions of arrests are reported by the courts. This report includes:

- Hate crime incidents by offense, bias motivation and demographics, such as age and sex of known offenders.

- Arrests made for offenses charged as a hate crime in 2020.
- Hate crime arrests that resulted in a criminal conviction or youthful offender adjudication for the five-year period from 2016 through 2020.
- Hate crime incidents reported annually from 2016 through 2020. These trends are detailed in the appendices to this report.

Major Findings

- ◆ More than half (54.3%) of the 488 reported hate crimes targeted property and 45.7 percent targeted people.
- ◆ While hate crimes against property (265) decreased significantly (35.8%), crimes against individuals (223) increased 6.2 percent.
- ◆ Consistent with prior years, the most frequently reported bias motivations for hate crimes against property were anti-Jewish (50.6%) and anti-Black (26.4%).
- ◆ The most frequently reported bias motivations for hate crimes against individuals were anti-Black (26.0%), anti-Jewish (21.5%), anti-Gay Male (11.2%), and anti-Asian (10.3%).
- ◆ Most hate crime incidents involved criminal mischief (49.8%) and simple assault (36.9%).
- ◆ The most common hate crime arrest charges were aggravated harassment (51.9%) and assault (18.7%).
- ◆ During the five-year period from 2016 through 2020, there were 320 convictions and Youthful Offender adjudications that resulted from hate crime arrests.

Visit [criminaljustice.ny.gov](https://www.criminaljustice.ny.gov) (click [Statistics](#)) for additional hate crime data.

Reported Hate Crime Incidents

Under New York’s Hate Crime Law (Penal Law Article 485) a person commits a hate crime when a designated offense is committed when a victim is targeted because of a perception or belief about their race, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, religion, religious practice, age, disability or sexual orientation, or when such an act is committed as a result of that perception or belief. These crimes can target an individual, a group of individuals or public or private property.

Table 1 details hate crime incidents reported by Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) categories that are used by the FBI to allow for uniform reporting across all 50 states. Appendix 4 details the New York State Penal Law crimes that correspond to the FBI’s UCR categories.

Investigating officers are responsible for identifying an offense as a hate crime and specifying the bias motivation when reporting the incident.

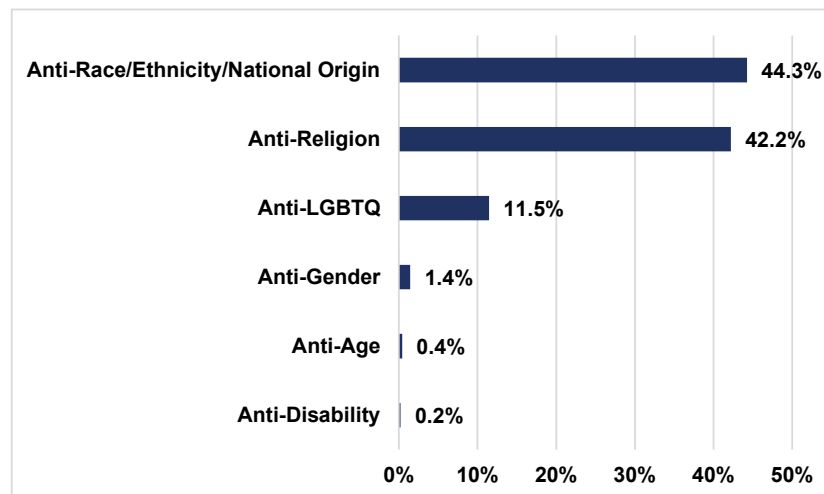
- Of the 488 hate crimes reported statewide, 223 (45.7%) targeted individuals and 265 (54.3%) targeted property.
- Criminal mischief (243) accounted for nearly half (49.8%) of all hate crimes and 91.7 percent of property crimes.
- Simple assault (180) accounted for more than a third (36.9%) of all hate crimes and 80.7 percent of crimes against individuals.

Table 1. Hate Crime Incidents by Offense Type 2020

UCR Offense Category	Number	Percent
Total	488	100.0%
Crimes Against Persons	223	45.7%
Murder	1	0.2%
Robbery	7	1.4%
Aggravated Assault	35	7.2%
Simple Assault	180	36.9%
Property Crimes	265	54.3%
Burglary	9	1.8%
Larceny	12	2.5%
Criminal Mischief	243	49.8%
All Other Offenses	1	0.2%

Figure 1 shows the percentage of hate crime incidents reported by major bias type.

Figure 1. Percentage of Hate Crime Incidents by Major Bias Type 2020



- Race/ethnicity/national origin was the most common bias motivation reported: 216 incidents (44.3%).
- Anti-religious bias was reported in 206 incidents (42.2%).
- Anti-LGBTQ bias was reported in 56 incidents (11.5%).
- Appendix 1 details five-year trends for all hate crime bias motivation types.

Table 2. Bias Motivation by Offense Type 2020

Table 2 shows bias motivation for all hate crimes reported to police in 2020, and the bias motivation for crimes against individuals and property crimes.

- The most common bias motivation for all hate crimes was anti-race/ethnicity/national origin, with 216 reported.
- Anti-Black bias accounted for 59.2 percent (128 of 216) of the incidents involving anti-race/ethnicity/national origin bias and 26.2 percent (128 of 488) of all reported hate crimes.
- In the anti-religion bias category, anti-Jewish crimes accounted for the overwhelming majority of incidents: 88.3 percent (182 of 206).
- Anti-Jewish crimes accounted for 37.3 percent (182 of 488) of all hate crime incidents.
- Anti-LGBTQ bias accounted for 11.5 percent of all reported hate crimes (56 of 488).

Bias Motivation	Crimes Against Persons		Property Crimes		Total Crimes	
	#	%	#	%	#	%
Total	223	100.0%	265	100.0%	488	100.0%
Anti-Race/Ethnicity/National Origin	118	52.9%	98	37.0%	216	44.3%
Black	58	26.0%	70	26.4%	128	26.2%
Asian	23	10.3%	8	3.0%	31	6.4%
White	15	6.7%	5	1.9%	20	4.1%
Other Ethnicity/National Origin	8	3.6%	9	3.4%	17	3.5%
Hispanic	7	3.1%	3	1.1%	10	2.0%
Multi-Racial Groups	6	2.7%	3	1.1%	9	1.8%
Arab	1	0.4%	0	0.0%	1	0.2%
Anti-Religion	54	24.2%	152	57.4%	206	42.2%
Jewish	48	21.5%	134	50.6%	182	37.3%
Catholic	0	0.0%	12	4.5%	12	2.5%
Islamic (Muslim)	5	2.2%	3	1.1%	8	1.6%
Hindu	1	0.4%	1	0.4%	2	0.4%
Jehovahs Witness	0	0.0%	1	0.4%	1	0.2%
Religious Practice Generally	0	0.0%	1	0.4%	1	0.2%
Anti-LGBTQ	43	19.3%	13	4.9%	56	11.5%
Gay Male	25	11.2%	6	2.3%	31	6.4%
Transgender	12	5.4%	1	0.4%	13	2.7%
Gay (Male and Female)	2	0.9%	3	1.1%	5	1.0%
Gay Female	3	1.3%	2	0.8%	5	1.0%
Gender Non-Conforming	1	0.4%	1	0.4%	2	0.4%
Anti-Gender	7	3.1%	0	0.0%	7	1.4%
Male	6	2.7%	0	0.0%	6	1.2%
Female	1	0.4%	0	0.0%	1	0.2%
Disability	1	0.4%	0	0.0%	1	0.2%
Age	0	0.0%	2	0.8%	2	0.4%

Crimes Against Persons

- Bias against race/ethnicity/national origin was the most common bias type in crimes against persons, with 118 incidents (52.9%) reported. This was followed by anti-religion, 54 incidents (24.2%), and anti-LGBTQ, 43 incidents (19.3%).
- Black individuals were the most commonly targeted group (58 of 223), followed by Jewish individuals (48), gay men (25), and Asian individuals (23).
- Within the anti-religion category, anti-Jewish bias accounted for 48 of 54 incidents (88.9%).

Property Crimes

- Of the 265 reported hate crimes targeting property, 57.4 percent (152) were motivated by an anti-religious bias.
- Bias against race/ethnicity/national origin accounted for 37 percent (98) of reported property crimes.
- Anti-Jewish bias was the most commonly reported bias in incidents that targeted property: 50.6 percent (134 of 265 incidents).
- The second most common bias type was anti-Black: 26.4 percent (70 of 265 incidents).
- Appendix 1 details five-year trends in bias motivation by offense type.

Offenders as Reported to Police

Reporting of offender demographic characteristics by the victim or another party is often incomplete, partly due to the fact that some hate crimes involving property do not involve direct contact between the target and perpetrator.

At least one type of offender demographic — sex, age or race/ethnicity — was reported in 195 incidents. Those incidents involved a total of 218 offenders (a single incident can involve multiple offenders).

Table 3 presents the sex, age and race/ethnicity of offenders in those 195 incidents as reported by a victim or other party. Note: The percentages represent the percentage of total offenders reported.

Table 3. Sex, Age, and Race/Ethnicity of Known Offenders 2020

	Number	Percent
Total	218	100.0%
Sex		
Male	170	78.0%
Female	43	19.7%
Age		
15 & Under	24	11.0%
16 to 19	19	8.7%
20 to 24	14	6.4%
25 to 29	27	12.4%
30 to 34	19	8.7%
35 to 39	27	12.4%
40 to 44	16	7.3%
45 to 49	10	4.6%
50 to 54	11	5.0%
55 to 59	10	4.6%
60 to 64	3	1.4%
65 & older	8	3.7%
Race/Ethnicity		
White	104	47.7%
Black	61	28.0%
Hispanic	34	15.6%
Asian/Pacific Islander	5	2.3%

- The sex of 213 offenders was reported. The majority were male: 170 of 213 (79.8%).
- Age was reported for 188 offenders: 130 individuals (69.1%) were 39 years old or younger. The most common age range was 25 to 29 and 35 to 39 (27 offenders in each range).

- Race/ethnicity of 204 offenders was reported: 104 were White; 61, Black; and 34, Hispanic.

Table 4 presents the number of offenders involved in the 195 hate crime incidents.

Table 4. Number of Offenders per Incident 2020

# Offenders Involved	Incidents		Total Offenders	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	195	100.0%	218	100.0%
One	179	91.8%	179	82.1%
Two	10	5.1%	20	9.2%
Three	5	2.6%	15	6.9%
Four	1	0.5%	4	1.8%

* Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.

- The vast majority of the 195 incidents (91.8%) involved one offender.
- Two or more offenders were reported in 16 incidents (8.2%):
 - Of those 16 incidents, 10 involved two offenders; five involved three offenders; and one involved four offenders, the most reported for any one incident.
- The most common offenses involving known offenders were simple assault (131 or 61%) and criminal mischief (40 or 18.3%).

Unknown Offenders

- No offender information was reported in 293 of the 488 reported hate crimes.
- Of those 293 incidents, 225 (76.8%) involved crimes against property.
- The majority of incidents with unknown offenders were criminal mischief (209 or 71.3%).
- Of the incidents with unknown offenders, 48.8 percent (143) were motivated by anti-Jewish bias.

Reported Hate Crime Incidents and Arrests by County

Hate crime incidents and/or arrests were reported by police departments and sheriffs' offices in 49 of the state's 62 counties. Agencies reported no incidents or arrests in the remaining 13 counties; those counties are excluded from Table 5.¹

Arrests represent a hate crime charge being brought at the time of the arrest, as reported to DCJS by the arresting agency. The number of reported hate crime incidents and arrests in a given year should not be compared: not all hate crime incidents in a given year result in an arrest; arrests can occur in a different year than the associated crime; and one incident can involve multiple arrests.

Table 5. Hate Crime Incidents and Arrests by County and Region 2020

County	Incidents	Arrests	County	Incidents	Arrests	County	Incidents	Arrests
Total	488	187	Ulster	3	0	Tioga	1	0
Non-NYC	202	88	Chautauqua	2	4	Wayne	1	0
Westchester	40	6	Niagara	2	4	Onondaga	0	2
Nassau	28	8	Madison	2	1	Fulton	0	1
Monroe	16	5	Otsego	2	1	Genesee	0	1
Erie	12	8	Schoharie	2	1	Hamilton	0	1
Clinton	9	4	Cattaraugus	2	0	Schenectady	0	1
Columbia	8	3	Franklin	2	0	Seneca	0	1
Suffolk	8	3	Jefferson	2	0			
Broome	8	2	Oswego	2	0	New York City	272	99
Dutchess	8	0	Tompkins	2	0	Kings	103	34
Saratoga	7	3	Steuben	1	3	New York	82	23
Orange	5	6	Delaware	1	2	Queens	47	18
Albany	4	6	Herkimer	1	2	Bronx	22	17
Rockland	4	1	Chemung	1	1	Richmond	18	7
Essex	3	2	Greene	1	1			
Oneida	3	1	St. Lawrence	1	1	Multiple Counties	14	0
Ontario	3	1	Warren	1	1	MTA	12	0
Cayuga	3	0	Putnam	1	0	NYS Park Police	2	0

- Law enforcement agencies in New York City (Bronx, Kings, New York, Queens and Richmond counties) reported 55.7 percent of all hate crime incidents in the state and made 52.9 percent of all hate crime arrests.
- In the counties outside New York City, 52 percent of incidents were reported by law enforcement agencies from five counties: Westchester (40), Nassau (28), Monroe (16), Erie (12), and Clinton (9).
- Police departments or sheriffs' offices in six counties made one or more hate crime arrest, but reported no incidents: Onondaga (2) and Fulton, Genesee, Hamilton, Schenectady, and Seneca (1 each).

¹ The following 13 counties reported no hate crime incidents or arrests in 2020: Allegany, Chenango, Cortland, Lewis, Livingston, Montgomery, Orleans, Rensselaer, Schuyler, Sullivan, Washington, Wyoming and Yates

Note: The MTA (Metropolitan Transportation Authority) Police Department and New York State Park Police serve multiple counties.

Hate Crime Arrests

New York State Penal Law Article 485 specifies the Penal Law offenses that can be charged as hate crimes. In addition, first-degree aggravated harassment (PL 240.31) is a hate crime based on the elements of the crime.

Table 6 shows the most serious Penal Law offense charged as a hate crime for the 187 arrests made in 2020. Of those, 55.6 percent were offenses against public order and 27.3 percent were assault and related offenses.

The most common hate crime arrest charges were second-degree aggravated harassment (69), a misdemeanor; first-degree aggravated harassment (28), a felony; and second-degree assault (18), a felony.

This table also groups arrest charges by the corresponding Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) category. As noted on Page 2, the FBI defines these categories.

Table 6. Arrests for Hate Crime by UCR Offense Category 2020*

PL	UCR Offense Category	Number	Percent	PL	UCR Offense Category	Number	Percent
Total		187	100%	Other Violent Offenses		1	0.5%
				121.12	Strangulation 2nd	1	0.5%
Sex Offenses		1	0.5%	Larceny		4	2.1%
130.65	Sexual Abuse 1st	1	0.5%	155.40	Grand Larceny 2nd	2	1.1%
Robbery		2	1.1%	155.30	Grand Larceny 4th	2	1.1%
160.15	Robbery 1st	2	1.1%	Burglary		4	2.1%
Assault & Related Offenses		51	27.3%	140.25	Burglary 2nd	1	0.5%
120.45	Stalking 4th	1	0.5%	140.20	Burglary 3rd	3	1.6%
120.25	Reckless Endangerment 1st	1	0.5%	Criminal Mischief		20	10.7%
120.20	Reckless Endangerment 2nd	2	1.1%	145.10	Criminal Mischief 2nd	2	1.1%
120.15	Menacing 3rd	3	1.6%	145.05	Criminal Mischief 3rd	9	4.8%
120.14	Menacing 2nd	8	4.3%	145.00	Criminal Mischief 4th	9	4.8%
120.13	Menacing 1st	1	0.5%	Offenses Against Public Order		104	55.6%
120.10	Assault 1st	2	1.1%	240.31	Aggravated Harassment 1st	28	15.0%
120.05	Assault 2nd	18	9.6%	240.30	Aggravated Harassment 2nd	69	36.9%
120.00	Assault 3rd	15	8.0%	240.25	Harassment 1st	7	3.7%

*Offense categories include attempted offenses in addition to completed offenses.

Hate Crime Arrests Resulting in Convictions/Adjudications

The processing of cases in criminal court often takes several months to complete and can result in a range of dispositions.

This section details hate crime arrests that resulted in either a criminal conviction or youthful offender adjudication² for the five-year period from 2016 through 2020. The term adjudication is used in cases involving youthful offenders because the case is sealed and details of the case are not permitted to be disclosed, except under limited circumstances defined in state law.

Courts reported 320 convictions and youthful offender adjudications to DCJS between 2016 and 2020.

Table 7 details crime type (felony or misdemeanor) and notes whether the conviction or youthful offender adjudication was for a hate crime or another crime.

Table 7. Disposed Hate Crime Arrests Resulting in a Conviction or Adjudication 2016-2020

Disposition	Disposition Charge Type		Grand Total
	Hate Crime	Not Hate Crime	
Conviction - Felony	40	58	98
Conviction - Misdemeanor	55	143	198
YO adjudication	6	18	24
Total	101	219	320

- There were 320 dispositions reported: 101 (31.6%) resulted in convictions and youthful offender adjudications to hate crime offenses. The remaining 219 convictions and YO adjudications were to offenses not designated as hate crimes.
- 61.8 percent (198) of dispositions involved misdemeanor convictions; 30.6 percent (98) involved felony convictions; and 7.5 percent (24) involved a YO adjudication.
- Of the 101 dispositions to a hate crime charge, 54.4 percent were misdemeanor convictions.
- Of the 219 dispositions that didn't involve a hate crime charge, 65.3 percent were misdemeanor convictions.

Conviction/Adjudication Charges

Table 8 shows the most serious charge for the 320 convictions and youthful offender adjudications, as reported for the five-year period from 2016 through 2020.

These charges are grouped by FBI UCR categories.

Table 8. Criminal Convictions and YO Adjudications for Hate Crime Arrests by UCR Offense Category 2016-2020

UCR Offense Category	Disposition Charge Type		Grand Total	
	Hate Crime	Not Hate Crime	Total	Percent
Total	101	219	320	100.0%
Crimes Against Persons	75	131	206	64.4%
Murder	0	2	2	0.6%
Robbery	0	8	8	2.5%
Aggravated Assault	10	25	35	10.9%
Simple Assault	65	95	160	50.0%
Sex Offense	0	1	1	0.3%
Property Crimes	24	59	83	25.9%
Arson	1	1	2	0.6%
Burglary	3	9	12	3.8%
Larceny - Theft	4	9	13	4.1%
Criminal Mischief	16	39	55	17.2%
Fraud	0	1	1	0.3%
Crimes Against Society	0	5	5	1.6%
Controlled Substance Possession	0	2	2	0.6%
Dangerous Weapons	0	3	3	0.9%
Other Offenses	2	24	26	8.1%
Other Fingerprintable Offenses	2	21	23	7.2%
All Other Offenses	0	3	3	0.9%

- Of all dispositions, 64.4 percent involved crimes against individuals (206). The majority of these convictions were categorized either as simple assault (160) or aggravated assault (35).
- Property crime offenses were involved in 25.9 percent of dispositions. The most common property crime dispositions were categorized as criminal mischief (55), larceny (13), and burglary (12).
- Appendix 5 details disposition charges by New York State Penal Law offense.

² Offenders who are 16 through 18 at the time of their crime may be adjudicated as youthful offenders by a judge (Criminal Procedure Law 720.10). A youthful offender (YO) adjudication broadens sentencing options and seals the criminal record.

Sentences for Convictions and Youthful Offender Adjudications

Table 9 presents the type of sentence imposed by judges in connection with the 320 convictions and youthful offender adjudications for hate crime arrests reported from 2016 through 2020. While youthful offender adjudications are sealed, individuals can serve any of the sentence types noted.

Table 9. Sentences from Hate Crime Arrests 2016-2020

Sentence	Disposition Charge Type		Grand Total	
	Hate Crime	Not Hate Crime	Total	Percent
Total	101	219	320	100.0%
Prison	13	34	47	14.7%
Jail	41	64	105	32.8%
Time Served	4	16	20	6.3%
Probation	17	40	57	17.8%
Conditional Discharge	19	49	68	21.3%
Fine	5	14	19	5.9%
Other	2	2	4	1.3%

The most common sentence imposed by the court was jail, with nearly one-third (32.8% or 105) of the sentences reported. Of the remaining sentences:

- 68 (21.3%) were conditional discharges,
- 57 (17.8%) were to local probation, and
- 47 (14.7%) were to state prison.

Appendix 1: Bias Motivation for Hate Crime Incidents 2016 - 2020

Appendix 1 shows the number of reported hate crime incidents by bias motivation category and specific bias type for 2016 through 2020.

The table shows the total number of crimes, the number of crimes against individuals and those against property.

Hate Crime in New York State Annual Reports dating back to 2014 are available here:

www.criminaljustice.ny.gov/crimnet/pubs.htm.

Hate crime incidents by law enforcement agency and county annually from 2016 through 2020 are available here:

<http://www.criminaljustice.ny.gov/crimnet/ojsa/stats.htm>

Hate Crimes by County and Bias Type annually since 2010 are available through New York's Open Data Portal:

<https://data.ny.gov>

	Crimes Against Persons					Property Crimes					Total				
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Total	280	235	218	210	223	319	325	309	413	265	599	560	527	623	488
Anti-Gender	1	0	1	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	7
Anti-Female	1	0	1	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	6
Anti-Male	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Anti-Religion	83	51	60	74	54	229	237	228	293	152	312	288	288	367	206
Anti-Jewish	49	33	43	61	48	193	208	210	273	134	242	241	253	334	182
Anti-Islamic (Muslim)	29	16	12	12	5	12	10	6	4	3	41	26	18	16	8
Anti-Catholic	2	1	0	0	0	13	7	6	8	12	15	8	6	8	12
Anti-Other Christian	0	0	2	0	0	5	5	2	2	0	5	5	4	2	0
Anti-Multi-Religious Groups	1	0	0	0	0	2	5	2	2	0	3	5	2	2	0
Anti-Other Religion	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	1	0	3	2	0
Anti-Religious Practice Generally	1	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	3	1	1	0	1
Anti-Hindu	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	2
Anti-Jehovahs Witness	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
Anti-Buddhist	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0
Anti-Mormon	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Anti-Protestant	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Anti-Race/Ethnicity/National Origin	88	112	97	79	118	65	79	57	87	98	153	191	154	166	216
Anti-Black	32	53	50	26	58	43	49	41	62	70	75	102	91	88	128
Anti-White	16	16	22	31	15	8	3	3	6	5	24	19	25	37	20
Anti-Other Ethnicity/National Origin	24	10	8	3	8	6	7	5	7	9	30	17	13	10	17
Anti-Asian	10	6	6	4	23	1	5	2	1	8	11	11	8	5	31
Anti-Hispanic	6	12	9	9	7	3	1	4	7	3	9	13	13	16	10
Anti-Arab	0	15	2	4	1	1	6	0	3	0	1	21	2	7	1
Anti-Multi-Racial Groups	0	0	0	1	6	3	8	2	1	3	3	8	2	2	9
Anti-American Indian/Alaskan Native	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Anti-LGBTQ	107	71	59	57	43	20	8	24	32	13	127	79	83	89	56
Anti-Gay Male	73	48	41	36	25	13	7	13	22	6	86	55	54	58	31
Anti-Transgender	17	14	7	14	12	1	0	3	2	1	18	14	10	16	13
Anti-Gay Female	16	6	6	4	3	2	1	1	1	2	18	7	7	5	5
Anti-Gay (Male and Female)	0	3	1	3	2	0	0	7	7	3	0	3	8	10	5
Anti-Gender Non-Conforming	1	0	4	0	1	4	0	0	0	1	5	0	4	0	2
Anti-Disability	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1
Anti-Physical Disability	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0
Anti-Mental Disability	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Anti-Age	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	2	5	1	0	0	2
Anti-Age	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	2	5	1	0	0	2

Source: DCJS, Uniform Crime Reporting system (as of 6/21/2021).

Appendix 2: Hate Crime Incidents by County 2016 - 2020

Appendix 2 shows the number of reported hate crime incidents by county for 2016 through 2020.

Law enforcement agencies in 56 counties reported at least one hate crime incident during that five-year period.

Six counties reported no incidents in these five years and are excluded from the table: Fulton, Orleans, Schuyler, Washington, Wyoming and Yates.

County	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	County	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Statewide	599	560	527	623	488	Ontario	0	0	1	5	3
Non-NYC	206	209	147	174	202	Orange	6	6	3	10	5
Albany	6	6	15	12	4	Oswego	2	3	2	1	2
Allegany	1	0	1	0	0	Otsego	1	0	0	0	2
Broome	3	1	4	0	8	Putnam	0	3	1	0	1
Cattaraugus	0	1	0	1	2	Rensselaer	0	2	1	0	0
Cayuga	1	1	1	0	3	Rockland	8	7	3	9	4
Chautauqua	0	0	0	0	2	St. Lawrence	1	0	1	2	1
Chemung	2	0	0	0	1	Saratoga	2	1	1	4	7
Chenango	2	1	0	0	0	Schenectady	1	1	0	1	0
Clinton	2	8	2	3	9	Schoharie	2	1	2	1	2
Columbia	0	3	0	0	8	Seneca	0	0	1	0	0
Cortland	0	0	0	2	0	Steuben	0	1	0	0	1
Delaware	0	1	0	0	1	Suffolk	43	39	28	20	8
Dutchess	1	6	4	10	8	Sullivan	0	4	0	3	0
Erie	20	10	12	8	12	Tioga	0	1	0	1	1
Essex	1	0	0	0	3	Tompkins	2	3	2	0	2
Franklin	1	1	0	0	2	Ulster	3	6	5	4	3
Genesee	0	1	0	0	0	Warren	0	1	0	0	1
Greene	0	1	0	0	1	Wayne	1	2	3	1	1
Hamilton	0	1	0	0	0	Westchester	19	28	21	23	40
Herkimer	0	1	2	1	1						
Jefferson	2	0	0	0	2	New York City	370	323	352	420	272
Lewis	0	1	0	0	0	Bronx	22	32	23	28	22
Livingston	3	2	1	1	0	Kings	139	115	124	182	103
Madison	6	5	0	1	2	New York	127	107	144	132	82
Monroe	6	5	5	9	16	Queens	70	53	47	68	47
Montgomery	1	0	0	1	0	Richmond	12	16	14	10	18
Nassau	52	38	20	34	28						
Niagara	4	3	1	1	2	Multiple County*	23	28	28	29	14
Oneida	1	2	1	3	3	MTA	22	28	26	26	12
Onondaga	0	1	3	2	0	NYS Park Police	1	0	2	3	2

Source: DCJS, Uniform Crime Reporting system (as of 6/21/2021).

* The MTA (Metropolitan Transportation Authority) Police Department and New York State Park Police serve multiple counties.

Appendix 3: Hate Crime Incidents by Offense Type 2016 - 2020

Appendix 3 details hate crime incidents reported from 2016 to 2020 by UCR offense type.

Reported hate crimes decreased by 21.7 percent when comparing 2020 to 2019. A five-year high of 623 incidents was reported in 2019.

Crimes against individuals increased by 6.2 percent and crimes against property decreased 35.8 percent, when comparing 2020 to 2019.

The 265 incidents reported against property in 2020 was the lowest during the five-year period due to a 38.2 percent decrease in incidents involving criminal mischief.

Offense Type	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	% Change 19 v 20
Total	599	560	527	623	488	-21.7%
Crimes Against Persons	280	235	218	210	223	6.2%
Murder or Manslaughter	0	1	0	1	1	N/A
Rape	1	0	0	1	0	N/A
Robbery	13	7	16	7	7	N/A
Aggravated Assault	59	54	41	35	35	0.0%
Kidnapping	0	2	0	0	0	N/A
Simple Assault	207	171	161	166	180	8.4%
Property Crimes	319	325	309	413	265	-35.8%
Burglary	12	9	2	10	9	N/A
Larceny-Theft	11	8	13	9	12	N/A
Arson	8	1	4	1	0	N/A
Criminal Mischief	288	307	290	393	243	-38.2%
All Other Offenses	0	0	0	0	1	N/A

Source: DCJS, Uniform Crime Reporting system (as of 6/21/2021).

Note: Although the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) system categorizes robbery as a crime against property, for purposes of this report it is categorized as a crime against persons.

Note: Percent change is not calculated when counts are fewer than 10.

Appendix 4: Hate Crime Incidents by Penal Law Offense 2016 - 2020

Appendix 4 on Page 13 details the number of offenses reported by law enforcement agencies annually from 2016 through 2020. These statistics are detailed for each year by UCR category and New York State Penal Law offense.³

Note:

The New York City Police Department did not specify any subsection information when reporting first-degree aggravated harassment (PL 240.31) offenses and second-degree aggravated harassment (PL 240.30) offenses that occurred in 2020. The NYPD reported the 60 incidents in the “Unspecified” category under PL 240.31 and 38 of the 50 incidents in that category under PL 240.30. As a result of this change in reporting, caution should be used when comparing 2020 data reported as “Unspecified” to prior years’ data in that category.

Appendix 5: Hate Crime Convictions and Adjudications by Penal Law Offense 2016 - 2020

Appendix 5 on Page 14 details the number of criminal convictions or youthful offender adjudications resulting from hate crime arrests. These dispositions are detailed by UCR category and New York State Penal Law offense.⁴

³Source: DCJS, Uniform Crime Reporting system (as of 6/21/2021).

⁴Source: DCJS, Computerized Criminal History system (as of 6/18/2021).

Appendix 4: Hate Crime Incidents by Penal Law Offense 2016 - 2020

PL	UCR Offense Category	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Total		599	560	527	623	488
Murder & Manslaughter		0	1	0	1	1
125.25	Murder 2nd	0	1	0	1	1
Sex Offenses		1	0	0	1	0
130.35	Rape 1st	1	0	0	1	0
Robbery		13	7	16	7	7
160.05	Robbery 3rd	2	0	2	0	3
160.10	Robbery 2nd	8	7	12	4	2
160.15	Robbery 1st	3	0	2	3	2
Assault & Related Offenses		143	114	110	101	86
120.00	Assault 3rd	71	53	56	57	34
120.05	Assault 2nd	41	37	33	29	23
120.10	Assault 1st	1	0	3	1	3
120.13	Menacing 1st	1	0	1	0	1
120.14	Menacing 2nd	18	17	11	10	12
120.15	Menacing 3rd	2	5	0	1	5
120.20	Reckless Endangerment 2nd	4	1	3	1	1
120.25	Reckless Endangerment 1st	2	1	0	1	0
120.45	Stalking 4th	1	0	3	0	7
120.50	Stalking 3rd	2	0	0	1	0
Other Violent Offenses		1	2	0	0	1
121.12	Strangulation 2nd	1	0	0	0	1
135.05	Unlawful Imprisonment 2nd	0	1	0	0	0
135.10	Unlawful Imprisonment 1st	0	1	0	0	0
Arson		8	1	4	1	0
150.05	Arson 4th	1	1	3	0	0
150.10	Arson 3rd	0	0	0	1	0
150.15	Arson 2nd	6	0	1	0	0
150.20	Arson 1st	1	0	0	0	0
Larceny - Theft		11	8	13	9	12
155.25	Petit Larceny	6	4	11	4	3
155.30	Grand Larceny 4th	5	4	2	5	7
155.35	Grand Larceny 3rd	0	0	0	0	1
155.40	Grand Larceny 2nd	0	0	0	0	1
Burglary		12	9	2	10	10
140.10	Criminal Trespass 3rd	0	0	1	7	1
140.15	Criminal Trespass 2nd	0	0	0	0	1
140.20	Burglary 3rd	3	5	0	2	6
140.25	Burglary 2nd	9	4	1	1	2
Criminal Mischief		203	251	205	254	152
145.00	Criminal Mischief 4th	166	219	166	201	130
145.05	Criminal Mischief 3rd	15	30	24	40	14
145.10	Criminal Mischief 2nd	22	2	15	13	7
145.12	Criminal Mischief 1st	0	0	0	0	1
Offenses Against Public Order		207	167	177	239	219
240.31 Aggravated Harassment 1st		85	56	85	139	91
Sub 00	Unspecified	0	0	0	0	60
Sub 01	Damage Religious Premises > \$50	1	0	9	9	2
Sub 03	Place a Swastika on Property	80	52	76	125	26
Sub 05	Display a Noose on Property	4	4	0	5	3
240.30 Aggravated Harassment 2nd		116	105	85	94	115
Sub 00	Unspecified	6	6	4	5	50
Sub 01	Communicate in Manner Likely to Cause Alarm	35	25	45	24	25
Sub 02	Telephone w/o Legitimate Communication	0	3	2	3	2
Sub 03	Physical Contact Due to Race, Religion, etc.	75	70	33	61	36
Sub 04	Commit Harassment 1st w/ Prior Conviction	0	1	1	1	2
240.25 Harassment 1st		6	6	7	6	13

Appendix 5: Hate Crime Convictions and Adjudications by Penal Law Offense 2016 - 2020*

PL	UCR Offense Category	Disposition Charge Type		Grand Total	
		Hate Crime	Not Hate Crime	Total	Percent
Total		101	219	320	100.0%
Murder & Manslaughter		0	2	2	0.6%
125.25	Murder 2nd	0	2	2	0.6%
Sex Offenses		0	1	1	0.3%
130.60	Sexual Abuse 2nd	0	1	1	0.3%
Robbery		0	8	8	2.5%
160.05	Robbery 3rd	0	4	4	1.3%
160.10	Robbery 2nd	0	4	4	1.3%
Assault & Related Offenses		30	97	127	39.7%
120.00	Assault 3rd	16	57	73	22.8%
120.05	Assault 2nd	6	16	22	6.9%
120.06	Gang Assault 2nd	0	2	2	0.6%
120.07	Gang Assault 1st	0	2	2	0.6%
120.10	Assault 1st	2	3	5	1.6%
120.14	Menacing 2nd	1	11	12	3.8%
120.15	Menacing 3rd	5	2	7	2.2%
120.20	Reckless Endangerment 2nd	0	2	2	0.6%
120.25	Reckless Endangerment 1st	0	1	1	0.3%
120.50	Stalking 3rd	0	1	1	0.3%
Other Violent Offenses		0	2	2	0.6%
121.11	Criminal Obstruction of Breathing	0	1	1	0.3%
135.65	Coercion 1st	0	1	1	0.3%
Arson		1	1	2	0.6%
150.15	Arson 2nd	1	1	2	0.6%
Larceny - Theft		4	12	16	5.0%
155.25	Petit Larceny	0	7	7	2.2%
155.30	Grand Larceny 4th	2	2	4	1.3%
155.35	Grand Larceny 3rd	1	1	2	0.6%
155.40	Grand Larceny 2nd	1	0	1	0.3%
165.15	Theft of Services	0	1	1	0.3%
165.45	Criminal Possession of Stolen Property 4th	0	1	1	0.3%
Burglary		4	11	15	4.7%
140.15	Criminal Trespass 2nd	1	2	3	0.9%
140.20	Burglary 3rd	3	3	6	1.9%
140.25	Burglary 2nd	0	6	6	1.9%
Criminal Mischief		9	39	48	15.0%
145.00	Criminal Mischief 4th	5	29	34	10.6%
145.05	Criminal Mischief 3rd	1	3	4	1.3%
145.10	Criminal Mischief 2nd	3	1	4	1.3%
145.60	Making Graffiti	0	6	6	1.9%
Offenses Against Public Order		52	19	71	22.2%
240.50	Falsely Reporting an Incident 3rd	0	2	2	0.6%
240.55	Falsely Reporting an Incident 2nd	0	1	1	0.3%
240.75	Aggravated Family Offense	0	1	1	0.3%
240.31 Aggravated Harassment 1st		7	0	7	2.2%
Sub 03	Place a Swastika on Property	7	0	7	2.2%
240.30 Aggravated Harassment 2nd		44	14	58	18.1%
Sub 00	Unspecified	0	8	8	2.5%
Sub 01	Communicate in Manner Likely to Cause Alarm	2	6	8	2.5%
Sub 03	Physical Contact Due to Race, Religion, etc.	41	0	41	12.8%
Sub 04	Physical Contact Causing Injury	1	0	1	0.3%
240.25 Harassment 1st		1	1	2	0.6%
Other Offenses**		1	27	28	8.8%

* Offense categories include attempted offenses in addition to completed offenses.

** Offenses categorized as "Other Offenses" include: PL 105.05, PL 195.05, PL 205.30, PL 215.50, PL 215.51, PL 220.03, PL 260.10, PL 265.01, PL 265.02, PL 490.20